

INFORMATION REPORT

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SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

1. On 22 March 1950, the First Detachment of the Third Column of the Szechuan-Sikang People's Anti-Communist National Salvation Army (川康人民反共救國軍第三縱隊第一支隊)* attacked a transportation company of the Communist 53rd Division at Lungchi (103-32, 31-02). The Third Regiment of the 53rd Division on the following day attacked the Nationalist First, Second, Third, and Fourth Detachments between Lungchi and Hsuankou (103-28, 31-01). The engagement continued for twelve days. On 5 April the 53rd and 103th Divisions attacked Shiumokou (approximately 103-15, 30-53) from Kuan Hsien (103-17, 31-00), Sanchiangkou (103-08, 30-50) from Fenchou (103-31, 30-45), and Wenchuan (103-33, 31-21).
2. Before this attack, the Nationalist Fourth and Fifth Detachments withdrew to Wo Lung Kuan (卧龍關), while the First, Second, and Third Detachments continued to resist the Communists in the hilly regions around Hsuankou, Shuimokou, and Sanchiangkou. Communist losses in the engagement were 232 killed, three trend mortars and five heavy machine guns destroyed, and three light machine guns and 19 rifles captured, with 17 men. The Nationalists had three platoon leaders and 63 men killed, 27 captured, and 35 wounded, besides losing thirteen light machine guns and 35 Mauser pistols.
3. On 23 March, the Communist 53rd Division of the Eighth Independent Army attacked Nationalist positions at Wo Lung Kuan from Sanchiangkou. Nationalist guerrillas of the Fourth and Fifth Detachments of the Third Column continued the engagement for a day and a night under acting commander SUNG (宋), then withdrew to Palengkuan (102-48, 31-03) because outnumbered. The Communists lost 50 men, the Nationalists five men killed, eleven wounded, and seven men and one company commander captured, besides two light machine guns, nine rifles, and seven Mauser pistols.
4. The First and Second Battalions of the Third Detachment of the Pearl River Area People's Anti-Communist Assault Army (珠江區人民反共突擊軍第三支隊), led by CHU K'ue-chen (朱克揆), commander of the Third Detachment, made four attacks on the village governments of Ta Ping Yuan (大塘園), Tao Yuan Hsiang (桃源鄉), Ho Lu Ching Hsiang (何木運鄉), and Sou Nan Hsiang (司南鄉) from 1-5 April. The Nationalist forces lost three officers and three men, killed 28 Communists, and captured 77 rifles and two light machine guns.

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5. On 14 April, the LI Chun-po (李群伯) Detachment, stationed at Kusung Hsien (105-11, 28-25), and the CHIANG Fu-t'ien (蔣福田) Detachment, stationed at Hsingwen Hsien (105-00, 28-23), of the South Szechuan Assault Army attacked three companies of five hundred men of the Communist Peace Preservation Corps dispatched by the Special Administrative Inspector's Office at Ipin (104-34, 28-46) to collect taxes in kind. The Communist forces were equipped with heavy machine guns. In a three-day engagement, the Nationalists lost 24 men wounded, the Communists 120 men killed and 27 captured, besides one light machine gun and 34 Japanese Model 98 rifles.
6. On 15 and 16 April HSIEN Wang (謝汪), commander of the First Battalion of the Third Detachment of the Pearl River Assault Army, attacked Liangkou (113-39, 23-46). He burned five wooden bridges on the Canton-Tsurghua (113-31, 23-34) highway and one warehouse and killed 64 Communist tax collectors and captured 49 rifles. Nationalist losses were not reported.
7. The Fukien Maritime Safety First Column (福建海上保安第一縱隊) 12th Detachment on 19 April fought engagements with Communist forces on the banks of the Min (103- , 29-) River. They captured two Communists and six vessels containing 80 piculs of food supplies and sank one ship. Nationalist losses were not reported.
8. Elements of the Communist Fourth Regiment stationed at Kao Hsien (104-31, 23-24) on 18 April attacked the First Detachment of the Second Column of the South Szechuan People's Anti-Communist Assault Army (川南人民反共突擊軍) at Tienhsingchiao (105-27, 28-30). Commanded by CHIANG Shu-ch'ing (蔣樹青). The Communist irregular Yung Tseng (永曾) Detachment also joined the battle with about 500 men and guns. After a five-hour combat, the Nationalists withdrew and launched a counter-attack on the following morning. With the addition of 400 reinforcements, the Nationalists recaptured Tienhsingchiao. The Communists lost 43 men killed, the Nationalists 22 wounded.
9. About three thousand Communist customs guards and elements of the Communist 44th Army of FANG Ch'iang (方強), launched an attack on the position of the Nationalist Tsun hua Detachment of the Pearl River Area People's Anti-Communist Assault Army on 20 April. The Communists lost 72 men, including one battalion commander, killed; Nationalist losses included nine men killed, ten wounded, one captured, LI Chih-p'ing (黎治平), deputy battalion commander; and the loss of one machine gun, one rifle grenade, and fourteen rifles.
10. The Seventh Battalion of the Second Detachment of the South Szechuan People's Anti-Communist Assault Army was attacked on 20 April at Suchiawan (104-56, 29-47) by a battalion of the Communist 85th Regiment and elements of the irregular Yung K'un (永坤) Detachment, totaling about 800 effectives with six heavy machine guns and one 82-mm trench mortar. The Second Detachment, commanded by MAO Ts'e (馬策), withdrew the following day, but was replaced by the Nationalist Sixth Battalion. The Communists lost 24 men killed, the Nationalists eight.
11. Two Communist regiments were moving from Soochow towards Shanghai on 2 May, and the Communist Wuchiang (120-33, 31-10) Garrison Battalion of about three hundred men moved to Chentse (120-29, 30-54) and boarded about ten vessels to invade Tungtungtingshan (120-22, 31-05) of Taihu (120- , 31-). About a hundred men from WANG Hai-chan's (王海山) Nationalist units were sent to reinforce the Nationalist detachment under KU I-lung (吳義隆) at Yu Ch'e (油車港) Port to trap the Communists. The two Nationalist units ambushed the Communists, then both sides withdrew. The Nationalist lost

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four men killed and two rifles, the Communists 46 men killed of the Wuchiang Garrison, including company commander WU Ch'ang-ch'ing (吳長清) and political commissar YAO K'e (姚克), and three ships and six men captured. The Nationalists also captured one light machine gun, twelve rifles, 843 rounds of ammunition, and 66 bags of rice.

12. On 5 May, the First Column of the Kiangsu-Chekiang People's Anti-Communist Assault Army at Wenchou (120- , 27-) Bay, when Communist troops invaded Nanchishan (121- , 27-) and Peichishan (121-12, 27-39), attacked under cover of the gunboat T'U CHI (突擊). The Communists lost 37 men killed, two officers captured, and the following equipment: 19 rifles, one light machine gun, two pistols, one Mauser pistol, 72 bars of sugar, and a motor boat, YUNG CHIA NO. 5 (永嘉五號).
13. On 6 May two battalions of the Communist 88th Regiment of the 30th Division, with four 82-mm guns, invaded Sungchiatsun (103-42, 29-01) and Litienshang (approximately 103-25, 28-54) from Chienwei (103-55, 29-10). They attacked the Second and Fourth Nationalist Detachments of the Szechuan-Yunnan Border Region Column. After a two-day engagement, the Communists withdrew in the direction of Shuchuan (approximately 104-03, 28-52). The Nationalists lost one deputy company commander, one platoon leader and seven men killed, and one company commander, two platoon leaders, and 21 men wounded. Communist losses were 75 killed, 134 wounded, and 32 captured.
14. On 8 May, the 90th Regiment of the Communist 30th Division from Nichi (107-25, 32-13) invaded Chien Pan Ch'ang (箭板場) and San Fang Pei (四方碑) attacking the Fifth and Sixth Detachments and part of the First Independent Battalion of the Szechuan-Yunnan Border Region Column. After an engagement lasting a day and a night, the Nationalist units ran short of ammunition and withdrew for regrouping to an area between Shungchouchang (104-07, 28-53) and Tahsingchang (106-40, 30-37). The Communists had 302 casualties. The Nationalists had 56 men, three company commanders, and five platoon leaders wounded; 23 men, one deputy battalion commander, one company commander, three platoon leaders, two political instructors, and one special services officer killed; and one battalion commander, TU Yü-kung (杜玉宮), missing.
15. On 10 May, the 83rd Regiment of the 28th Division arrived at Kuanyinchang (104-23, 29-07) from Ipin via Paishuchi (104-29, 28-40) to enforce the collection of land taxes in kind. Upon arrival, the regiment fought a two-hour engagement with elements of the Nationalist Eighth and Ninth Detachments of the Szechuan-Yunnan Border Region Column northeast of Kuanyinchang. The Communists gave way and withdrew with the loss of one battalion commander and 36 men killed; the Nationalists had only nine wounded.
16. On 11 May a battalion of the same 83rd Regiment, stationed at Changning (104-51, 28-19) was sent to Leichiaochang (105-05, 28-31) to enforce collection of land taxes in kind. Learning of this, the First Column of the South Szechuan People's Anti-Communist Assault Army sent CHIANG Fu-t'ien with six hundred armed men to attack the Communists. After a four-hour engagement, the Communists were routed, 20 men and 25 rifles and 1,500 rounds of ammunitions were captured, and 22 men besides the Communist magistrate of Hsingi Hsien (105-34, 25-07), YANG Hsiu-t'ang (王修堂), were killed. The Nationalists reported only the wounding of CHIANG Fu-t'ien.
17. Seven hundred Communist troops at Lo I (洛義) and P'ing Chai (平寨) in Shuchuan Hsien (approximately 104-03, 28-52) on 11 May received a surprise attack from the 13th Detachment of the Third Column of the South Szechuan Assault Army, under column commander OU-YANG Ta-kuang (歐陽大光). After five

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hours, the engagement terminated with two Nationalists killed and thirteen wounded; the Communists lost 62 men killed.

18. During the night of 13 May, in the woods of Shang Ma T'ou (上麻頭) in Maoliangtien (approximately 121-02, 28-53), HUNG Shao-fu (洪少甫), commander of the Second Battalion of the First Detachment of the South Chekiang People's Anti-Communist Self-Defense Column (浙南人民反共自衛隊) and a hundred men ambushed the 80-man Second Company of the Communist chu Hsien, had two light machine guns in addition to small arms. After thirty minutes, the Communists withdrew, with three men killed and the loss of two rifles and a military map.
19. On the same day, elements of the Sixth Battalion, under battalion commander WANG Tsung-fan (王宗藩), of the Second Detachment of the South Chekiang Column ambushed at Fang Shan (方山), Hsienchu Hsien, the Communist Chuchi (102-50, 23-45) Self-Defense Corps, under P'AN Chao-hsi (潘朝西). The Communists had six rifles captured and seven men killed.
20. Also on 13 May, WANG T'ien-yü (王田玉), commander of the Seventh Battalion of the Third Detachment of the Column, led his forces of about a hundred men in an attack on the Communist Agricultural Society of Paita (120-35, 20-46). The Communist group was dispersed, six men were killed, and four were captured, as well as eight rifles, three carbines, and 35 bags of rice. The Nationalists lost one man, CH'EN Sh-sheng (陳日陞), killed.
21. On the same day, about two hundred Communist troops stationed at Yunlien Hsien (104-23, 23-12) went to Ku Lou Chü (鼓樓埧), ten li away, to enforce the collection of land taxes in kind. They were intercepted by Nationalist guerrillas of the South Szechuan Assault Army and were forced back, after a three-hour struggle, into Yunlien. They lost eight men.
22. The Ninth Company of the Third Battalion, 81st Regiment, stationed at Ping-shan (104-06, 28-39), attacked the HUANG Tz'u-wei (黃次衛) Battalion of the South Szechuan Assault Army at Shuchuan Hsien on 14 May. After three hours of fighting the Communists withdrew, with the loss of 13 men killed and three men and a rifle captured. The Nationalists had no losses.
23. On 25 May, the Action Section of the Taihu Area People's Anti-Communist Assault Army encountered YIN Kuo-chien (尹國楨), tax collector of Suchiang Hsien, and nine armed police at Pa Pu Ts'un (八都村), near Chentse. The tax collector was killed, and the nine police were captured, along with eight rifles, one carbine, and about ten piculs of unpolished rice.

* [REDACTED] Comment: For a summary of guerrilla groups in South and East China,

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